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23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 03/24/200 ON, PLLC	EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			CHEUNG, WILLIAM K	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/502,014	AGA, TSUKASA		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	WILLIAM K. CHEUNG	1796		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 M 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under B	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 9-19 is/are pending in the applied 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrays 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 9-19 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

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DETAILED ACTION

Request for Continued Examination

- 1. The request filed on March 18, 2009 for a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 10/502,014 is acceptable and a RCE has been established. An action on the RCE follows.
- 2. In view of the amendment filed March 18, 2009, claims 2-8 have been cancelled. Claims 1, 9-19 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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4. Claims 1, 9-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oharu et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,610,775) for the reasons adequately set forth from paragraph 3 of the office action of November 18, 2008.

- (currently amended): An aqueous water- and oil-repellent dispersion comprising:
- (A) a homopolymer or copolymer comprising at least one polymerizable compound having a perfluoroalkyl or perfluoroalkenyl group and an acrylate or methacrylate group, or a copolymer comprising said polymerizable compound and another compound copolymerizable therewith, and
- (B) a surfactant which comprises a cationic surfactant and a nonionic surfactant of the formula (I):

$$R^1O[CH_2CH(CH_3)O]_a$$
- $(CH_2CH_2O)_bH$ (I)

wherein R¹ is a branched alkyl including a main chain having at least 5 carbon atoms and three or more side chains having a total of at least 3 carbon atoms in all side chains, where each of the side chains has at least one carbon atom.

a is an integer of at least 3, and

b is an integer of 10 to 30.

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11. (currently amended): An aqueous water- and oil-repellent dispersion comprising;

- (A) a homopolymer or copolymer comprising at least one polymerizable compound having a perfluoroalkyl or perfluoroalkenyl group and an acrylate or methacrylate group, or a copolymer comprising said polymerizable compound and another compound copolymerizable therewith, and
- (B) a surfactant which comprises a cationic surfactant and a nonionic surfactant of the formula (I):

$$R^{1}O[CH_{2}CH(CH_{3})O]_{a}-(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{b}H$$
 (I)

wherein R¹ is a branched alkyl including a main chain having at least 5 carbon atoms and three or more side chains having a total of at least 3 carbon atoms in all side chain, where each of the side chains has at least one carbon atom.

a is an integer of at least 3, and

b is an integer of 10 to 30,

wherein the polymerizable compound having the perfluoroalkyl or perfluoroalkenyl group and the acrylate or methacrylate group is at least one compound selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylates represented by the formulas:

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Rf-SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>2</sup>OCOCR<sup>3</sup>=CH<sub>2</sub>
                                                (1)
 Rf-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OCOCR<sup>3</sup>=CH<sub>2</sub>
                                                (2)
Rf-CO-NR^2OCOCR^3=CH_2 (3)
                                                  (4)
 Rf-CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR<sup>3</sup>=CH<sub>2</sub>
           OCOR3
 Rf-CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR<sup>3</sup>=CH<sub>2</sub>
                                                  (5)
 Rf-O-Ar-CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR<sup>3</sup>=CH<sub>2</sub>
                                                   (6)
wherein Rf is a perfluoroalkyl or perfluoroalkenyl group having 3 to 21 carbon atoms,
R<sup>1</sup> is a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms,
R<sup>2</sup> is an alkylene group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms,
R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group,
Ar is an aryl group which optionally has a substituent group, and
 n is an integer of 1 to 10.
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The prior art to Oharu et al. discloses a water dispersion type water and oil repellent composition comprising a polymer which essentially contains polymerized units of a (meth)acrylate having a polyfluoroalkyl group and polymerized units of a polymerizable monomer which essentially contains a polymerizable unsaturated group and a hydroxyl group (Abstract; col. 4, line 37-65), which appears to meet the instantly claimed component (A) of Claim 1.

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```
F(CE<sub>2</sub>),CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR==CH<sub>2</sub>,
  P(CF,),CH,CH,OCOCR ... CH,,
 H(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR=CH<sub>2</sub>,
 H(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR—CH<sub>2</sub>,
 H(CF.), CH.OCOCR == CH.,
 H(CF2)3CH2CH2OCOCR-CH35
 F(CF),CH,CH,CH,OCOCR CH,
 FICE, CH. LOCOCR CH.,
 F(CE), CH, CH, OCOCR ***CH,
 F(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOCR==CH<sub>2</sub>,
 F(CE<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1,4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR***CH<sub>2</sub>,
F(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>cs</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR==CH<sub>2</sub>;
 (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR=CH<sub>2</sub>,
 (CF<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CF{CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>GCOCR=-CH<sub>2</sub>,
 (CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CCOCR—CH<sub>2</sub>,
F(CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>8</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>OCOCR---CH<sub>3</sub>,
 F(CF_2)_{s}SO_{s}N(C_{s}H_{s})CH_{s}CH_{s}OCOCR ***CH_{s}, \\
 F(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR == CH<sub>2</sub>.
 FICE ) CONFICH CH. OCOCR CH.,
 (CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>OCOCR=CH<sub>2</sub>,
 (CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OCOCH<sub>3</sub>)OCOCR=CH<sub>2</sub>,
 (CF4)-CF(CF5)-CH3CH(OH)CH-OCOCN=CH--
 (CF.),CF(CF.),CH.CH(OH)CH,OCOCR==CH.,
  FICE A CHICH-OCOCR = CH.,
 F(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONECH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCR==CH<sub>2</sub>.
```

Oharu et al. further teach that the water and oil repellent composition also comprises a cationic surfactant (column 12, line 34-35) and a nonionic surfactant (column 2, line 41) having a general formula of

$$R^{10}O[CH_2CH(CH_3)O]_g$$
- $(CH_2CH_2O)_sH$

Formula 5

Wherein R¹⁰ represents an alkyl group, an alkenyl group or an alkpolyenyl group having a carbon number of 8 or more, s represents an integer of from 5 to 50, and g represents an integer of from 0 to 20 (column 9, line 42-52), and further, the alkyl group, the alkenyl group or the alkpolyenyl group may be of a linear structure or a branched structure. In the case of a the branched structure, a secondary alkyl group, a secondary

alkenyl group or a secondary alkpolyenyl group is preferred (column 9, line 22-28), which appears to anticipate or render obvious the instantly claimed component (B) of Claim 1.

Oharu et als' general formula (Formula 5, column 9) wherein R₁₀, which represents an alkyl group having a carbon number of 8 or more and may be of a linear structure or a branched structure (column 9, line 42-52) are seen to render obvious the limitation of the branched structure to methyl groups and incorporating three or more branches as instantly claimed. One of ordinary skill in the art would readily appreciate the teaching and be able to at once envisage the branched structure to methyl groups and employ three or more branches in the nonionic surfactant within the general formula.

As to Claims 9-10, a process of producing a water and oil repellent composition and a fiber or fiber fabric treated with the water and oil repellent composition are disclosed at column 26, line 9-12.

Regarding the ammonium compounds of claim 12, Ohara et al. (col. 12, line 24 to col. 13, line 15; col. 18, line 28) clearly disclose a list of ammonium compound as claimed. Ohara et al. (col. 18, line 28) clearly disclose using trimethyl monooctadecylammonium chloride in example 1.

The difference between the invention of claims 1, 9-19, and Oharu et al. is that Oharu et al. do not disclose the specific isotridecyl groups of claim 1.

However, the broad disclosure on the alky chain of the non-ionic surfactants of Oharu et al. (col. 9, line 42 to col. 10, line 11) clearly includes the isotridecyl groups

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being claimed. Applicants must recognize that Oharu et al. (col. 9, line 53-54) clearly disclose that R¹⁰ may be of a linear structure or a branched structure. Oharu et al. (col. 9, line 62-63) clearly disclose that the specific compounds disclosed are only used as examples, and are not used to limit the scope of the compound (Formula 5). Motivated by the expectation of success of developing an oil repellent composition capable of imparting excellent heavy rain durability to an object to be treated (col. 1, line 5-16), it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in art to recognize that Formula 5 of Oharu et al. would generically include any branched groups having eight carbons or more (which also include the isotridecyl groups as claimed) to obtain the invention of claims 1, 9-19.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed March 18, 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Although applicants argue that the specification contains unexpected results to show the criticality of the branched isotridecyl of the formula (I) of claim 1, the examiner disagrees because the "comparative data" as indicated in the Declaration fails to indicate that the isotridecyl group of formula (I) contains "three or more side chains, where each of the side chains has at least one carbon atom". Although applicants have indicated that the example of polyoxypropylene polyoxyethylene isotridecyl ether (POPPOE-ITDE) having the following structure

 $CH_3CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2-O(PO)_n(EO)_{m}H.\\$

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in the declaration filed September 12, 2008, possess improved mechanical properties, and chemical stability. However, the structure

 $CH_3CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2-O(PO)_n(EO)_mH.\\$

is not a representation of the invention as claimed because the structure used in the declaration is only one simple of the broad genus of chemical structure of formula (I) of claim 1. Therefore, the examiner believes that comparative data filed are not commensurate to the scope of the invention as claimed.

Applicants must recognize that an isotridecyl group can also have 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or more branches that are not part of the claimed invention but still considered an isotridecyl group. For example, the following structures as shown are just two examples of many isotridecyl groups in the form of an alcohol.

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Applicants can overcome the instant rejection by incorporated the argued structure into claims 1 and 11.

$$CH_3CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2-O(PO)_n(EO)_mH.\\$$

In view of the reasons set forth above, the rejection of claims 1, 9-19 is maintained.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William K. Cheung whose telephone number is (571)

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272-1097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00AM to

2:00PM; 4:00PM to 8:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David WU can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/William K Cheung/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796

William K. Cheung

Primary Examiner

March 22, 2009

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